

REYNOLDS HISTORICAL GENEALOGY COLLECTION





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CLARINDA TUCKER

AGE 16



George B. Marshall Age 17



Clarinda Tucker Marshall 1917

George B. Marshall 1898









To

George B. Marshall

and His Wife

Clarinda Tucker Marshall

This Family Record is Lovingly Dedicated

Introduction

HE following genealogy was originally compiled for the descendants of George B. and Clarinda Tucker Marshall. As there are many living who have the same ancestry, it was decided to publish the record for all who may be interested.

It is not easy to make a genealogical record clear. To avoid confusion, the following pages are divided in two parts; the first dealing with the lineage of George Marshall, and the second with that of his wife. By their marriage all the families whose genealogies are given in this record, were united.

In part one, two main lines of ancestry are given—the Brouwer and DeMotte lines. These two families were united when Daniel De-Motte married Mary Brewer (Brouwer), in 1816.

Descendants of Melchoir DeForest, Everardus Bogardus, Anneke Janse (Bogardus), Wolfert Webber, Dr. Johannes De La Montagne, and Joseph Waldron, married into the Brouwer Family.

George Marshall's earliest known ancestor (Brouwer line) was Melchoir DeForest, who married Catherine DeFosset of Mons, France, in 1533, just forty-one years after America was discovered. Away back in 1630, twenty-three years after Jamestown was settled, and ten years after the Pilgrims landed at Plymouth Rock, Anneke Webber Jansen, her first husband, and Mother, Tryntje Jonas, came to America on the bark "Pear Tree." Anneke became the owner of a farm in the Wall Street district of present day New York,—now the most valuable land in the world. For two centuries litigation concerning this property was in the Courts.

Anneke Jansen and her family were closely followed to New Netherlands by others mentioned in this record. By 1665, eleven ancestors of the Brouwer and DeMotte lines were living in this country. Today the family is scattered from coast to coast, but for three generations it has been centered in Indiana.

In part two, Clarinda Tucker Marshall's people are given. They came to America at a later date than those of her Husband, but served their country from the Colonial wars through the World War, and were among the very early pioneers who settled and built up the Middle West.

The writer visited Newry, Ireland, in 1923, but was not successful in learning anything about the Old-World Tucker family. There were

no early Presbyterian records, and the old grave stones had worn smooth.

It is unfortunate John Vincent's Revolutionary War pension papers were made out when he was eighty two years old, and his memory was so poor he could remember only a few of his war experiences. However, the fact that he was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, proves he gave good service to his country. His Commission is now in the Pension Office in Washington, a photostat of which may be procured by anyone desiring it, at a small cost.

The data contained in the following pages was found in histories, old news-papers, and published public records, found in the Library of Congress, and the D. A. R. Memorial Continental Hall library, Washington, unless otherwise stated. Recent facts were obtained by correspondence. An old family chart, preserved by William H. DeMotte now in the possession of his children, furnished the foundation for the research work concerning the Brouwer and DeMotte families. Old letters lent by Daniel S. Morrison, of San Diego, California, were helpful. Harry Stoops, of Brookville, Indiana, furnished most of the information concerning the Vincent family, and the Marshall data was found in Mrs. Fannie Perry's, scrap-books, and in old Greencastle newspapers.

The old Dutch and French names were spelled variously. Uneducated men often kept the Church books, and evidently spelled by sound. The DeMotte name appears Demot, Demott, DeMot, DeMott, DeMott, DeMott, DeMott, DeModt, and DeMoedt, showing the Dutch influence. Except in quotations, the modern spelling is used in this record. The Dutch "Brouwer" changes to Brower, and then to the English Brewer.

When a difference in dates was found, Church records were used.

The writer has not been able to learn the parentage of Jannetie Van Arsdale, who married John Brewer, or of Anna Cozine, who married John DeMotte. It is hoped their family data may later be added to this record.

-SARAH MARSHALL BUCHANAN.

The generations are numbered. The following abbreviations are used:

B	Born
Вар	Baptized
м	
D	Died
Fr	From



PART ONE

George B. Marshall's Ancestors and Their Families

Ancestors who came to America before 1665:

Tryntje Jonas	1630
Anneke Webber Jansen (Anneke Janse)	
Everardus Bogardus	
Dr. Johannes De La Montagne	
Rachel De Forest De La Montagne	
Jean De La Montagne	
Adam Brouwer	
Magdalena Verdon (Brouwer)	
Joseph Waldron	
Annetie Daniels Waldron	1652
Michael De Motte	Before1665

The Brouwer Family

Adam Brouwer

DAM BROUWER, sometimes with the added name of Berkhoven, emigrated to America in 1642, and settled in New Amsterdam. He was a soldier from Cologne, in the employment of the Dutch West India Company, which had a military post for the protection of its colony. March 19, 1645, he married Magdalena Jacobs Verdon, a girl of French Huguenot family, who had lived in Holland a short time before emigrating to this country with her brother Thomas Verdon. Adam Brouwer bought a lot in New Amsterdam in 1647, on the north side of Beaver Street east of Broadway, but having difficulty in obtaining a clear title, he selected another lot (location unknown) for which he was given a patent by the Governor of New Netherlands. This property he sold August 19, 1656, soon after he moved to Long Island. In 1661 he and Isaac DeForest held conjointly at Gowanus, the oldest tide-water mill on Long Island, leased probably from Jans Evertse Bout, who willed the property to Adam Brouwer's children.

Adam Brouwer in his will dated January 22, 1692, is styled Adam Brouwer Berkhoven, inhabitant of the town of Brookland. In his will his sons Peter and Jacob, and his daughter Aeltje, were cut off with a shilling for disobedience.

There is a fac-simile of Adam Brouwer's signature in Valentine's Manual, 1863.

Adam and Magdalena Verdon Brouwer were members of the Reformed Dutch Church. They had fourteen children.

I. ADAM BROUWER:

Came to America in 1642.

Died about 1698.

Married, March 19, 1645, Magdalena Jacobs Verdon, in New Amsterdam.

Children of Adam and Magdalena Jacobs Verdon Brouwer:

PeterBap. Sept. 23	3, 1646. M.	1. Petronella Uldricks
		2. Geertruyd Jans.
		3. Annetie Jansen.
MathysBap. May 30	, 1649. M.	Margrietje Wyckof.
WilliamBap. Mch. 5,	1651, M.	Elizabeth Simpson.
MarretjeBap. June 4,	1653. M.	1. Jacob Pieterszen.
		2. Barent Janszen.
Aeltje	М.	Josias Janszen Dreax.
Fytie	М.	1. Evert Hendricksen.
		2. Matys Cornelissen.

I Adam Brouwer (Continued)

HelenaBap. Oct. 31, 1660.	Μ.	 David Hendricksen. William Nazareth.
AdamBap. May 18, 1662.	Μ.	Marretje Hendricks.
Abraham	Μ.	Cornelia Halsyn.
JacobBap. Oct. 3, 1663. Anna, (No records).	М.	Annetie Bogardus.
Sarah	М.	 Tunis Janz. Thomas Smit. Thomas Knight.
NicholasBap. April 16, 1672.	M. M.	Jannetje Calsier. Pieter Hendrickson.

From Bergens "Genealogy of Kings County, New York."
"New York Genealogical and Biographical Records."
"Ancient Families of New York," by Edwin R. Purple.

II JACOB BROUWER:

Born, Oct. 3, 1663, at Gowanus, Long Island. Married, June 29, 1682, Annetie Bogardus, at Flatbush, L. I.

Children of Jacob and Annetie Bogardus Brouwer:

Jacob	Bap.	Nov. 30, 1684, Long Island.
Willem	Вар.	May 8, 1687, Long Island.
Everardus	Вар.	Dec. 8, 1689, Long Island.
Elisabet	Вар.	Nov. 15, 1694, Long Island.
Adam	Bap.	Mch. 29, 1696, Long Island.
Wyntie	Вар.	Oct. 1, 1701, New York.
Magdalena .	Вар.	Mch. 8, 1704, New York.

From "Bergens Genealogy of Kings County, New York."
"New York Genealogical and Biographical Records, Vol. 15."

III. JACOB BROUWER:

Bap. Nov. 30, 1684, Long Island.
Married Oct. 28, 1709, Petronella De La Montagne.
Lived early life in Brooklyn. Moved to New York before 1712.

Children of Jacob and Petronella De La Montagne Brouwer:

Jacob	Вар.	Sept. 24, 1710, Brooklyn, L. I.
Johannes	Вар.	Mch. 19, 1712, New York.
Abraham	Вар.	Feb. 6, 1717, New York.
Ante	Вар.	Mch. 13, 1720, New York.
Adam	Вар.	Feb. 14, 1722, New York.
Antje	Вар.	Mch. 30, 1726, New York.
Cornelis	Вар.	Nov. 9, 1730, New York.

From "Purples Ancient Families of New York."

Daniel....Bap. 1718, New York.

From W. H. DeMottes Family Chart.

And from D.A.R. papers of Mrs. Mary H. Forney, Lancaster, Pa.

IV. DANIEL BROUWER. (Sometimes spelled Brower).

Born, 1718, New York.
Will probated Feb. 22, 1791

Will probated Feb. 22, 1791, Mercer Co., Ky.

Married, October 10, 1743, Marytin Koning (Mary King).

From New Jersey Archives, First series, Vol. 22, P. 478.

Marytin Koning, Bap. Mch. 22, 1724.

Children of Daniel and Marytin Koning Brower:

Lea	Вар.	July 15, 1744.
Susanna	Вар.	Mch. 22, 1747.
		Aug. 12, 1751.
Rachel	Вар.	Aug. 21, 1752.
Johannes	Вар.	Apr. 30, 1761.
Sara	Bap.	Oct. 23, 1763.

From Records of the Reformed Dutch Church of Hackensack and Schraalenburg. Mrs. Forney's D.A.R. papers.

Abraham, Mary and Phoebe, named in will.

V JOHANNES BROWER:

Bap., Apr. 30, 1761.

Died, Feb. 15, 1822.

Married—1. April 3, 1782, Jannetie Van Arsdale.

Jannetie Van Arsdale Brower, died, 1793.

- 2. Dec. 11, 1793, Dianna Sarter.
- 3. Mary House.

Children of Johannes and Jannetie Van Arsdale Brower:

Garret	Bap.	Nov.	17, 1782,	Conewa	ago, Pa.
David	Bap.	Apr.	9, 1786,	Conewa	ago, Pa.
Abram	Lived	in Joh	nson Co.	, Ind. (Tradition).
Mary	Born	Mch.	6, 1793,	Mercer	Co., Ky.
Charity					
Daniel	Lived	in Put	nam Co.,	Ind., ((Tradition).

Children of Johannes and Dianna Sarter Brower:

John, Jane, Twins (no names), Catharine, Samuel, Henry.

Children of Johannes and Mary House Brower:

Jacob, James, Paulina, Elijah, Elizabeth, Silas.

VI. MARY BREWER, (Father's name also spelled Brower):

Born, March 6, 1793, Mercer County, Ky. Died, Oct. 21, 1866, Greencastle, Indiana. Married, Oct. 31, 1816, Daniel DeMotte, Mercer Co., Ky.

Everardus Bogardus

Grandfather of Annettie Bogardus who married Jacob Brouwer

HEN Everardus Bogardus left the ship Zoutberg, and landed on the shore of Manhattan Island, in 1633, he found waiting for his use the only church building between Plymouth Colony, and Virginia. Many early historians speak of Dominie Bogardus as the first clergyman in New Amsterdam, but a letter found in 1858, proves that Jonas Michaelius held religious services in the loft of a mill, and also served as school-master there from 1628 to 1633. However, Everardus Bogardus was the first settled minister with a regular charge, and a place of meeting built for religious purposes in New Netherlands. His church—the Reformed Dutch—stood a short distance from the fort on the present day Pearl Street, New York, between Broad and Whitehall Streets. The building was made of wood and was not a great success architecturally. Some critics said "It is a shame that the English should see, when they pass, nothing but a mean barn in which public worship is performed." Next to the church stood the parsonage where the minister lived from the time of his arrival until his marriage to the Widow Jansen (Anneke Janse). He then bought a house on Winckel Street,—a house with a Holland brass knocker, and a gay flower garden bordered with box. Today a bronze tablet on the Kemble building, marks its site.

Dominie Bogardus and his wife were granted 130 acres of land on East River—now the site of Hunters Point. This farm was called "Dominies Hoek." Anneke Janse's farm was often called "Dominies Bouwerie."

During the Indian wars, the church was considered an unsafe place of meeting because of the Indian practice of making attacks during service, "When the presence and affright of the females subjected the citizens to a battle at great disadvantage." So it was decided to build a new edifice inside the fort. At the wedding of a step-daughter of Dominie Bogardus, when the festivities were at their height, and all were in the best of spirits, Governor Kieft passed the subscription list for the new church, and the happy guests vied with each other in donations. Later, in calmer moments, some wished to withdraw their generous pledges, but were held to them.

Everardus Bogardus was a very out-spoken man and openly criticised the official acts of Governor Wouter VanTwiller and Governor Keift. He went so far as to call VanTwiller a "Child of the Devil," and threatened to give the Governor "such a shake on the following

Sabbath from the pulpit as would make him shudder." Friends of the Governor replied that the Minister had "demeaned himself toward the Director in a manner unbecoming a heathen, much less a Christian, letting alone a preacher of the Gospel." The quarrel between the Minister and Governor Kieft was even more serious. Kieft and his Council were unpopular, and the Dominie was outspoken in his criticisms of them. Valentine says, "Dominie Bogardus fulminated against them in the pulpit until he fairly drove them out of his congregation." The Governor retalliated by hiring drummers to make a great noise before the church during the sermons.

It was at the wedding of Adam Brouwer and Magdalena Verdon (our ancestors), that the Dominie made public criticisms concerning the Governor's Indian policies. The quarrel grew. Kieft accused the Minister of living too convivial a life, and in turn was accused of incompetency. It was decided to place all charges before the West India Company in Amsterdam, and the Governor and a few of his supporters, and the Minister with his witnesses, sailed on the "Princess" for Holland. Off the coast of Wales the ship went down and the two principals in the quarrel were drowned.

Most historians agree that VanTwiller and Kieft were incompetent Directors, and give the Minister the credit for fighting for the welfare of the Colony. Wilson, in his "Memorial History of New York City" says, "Dominie Bogardus was one of the most remarkable men of the Dutch period." Another historian says, "Rev. Everardus Bogardus was a powerful personality." Pictures of him and his wife, Anneke Janse, are in "Genealogy, History and Verse," by Sarah Ker-Hager. In Lambs "History of New York" the following description of him is given. "He was large, graceful, sinewy, strong, with a fine broad open frank face, high cheek bones, a dark piercing eye, and mouth expressive of the very electricity of good humor. He was not without his faults—he had a hot hasty temper, was brusque in his manner and addicted to high living. His sterling qualities stood forth in such bold relief, that at the very mention of his name a figure seems to leap forth from the mist of centuries, instinct with hearty vigorous life."

James Riker, in his "History of Harlem" says, "Full justice is yet to be done his memory."

EVERARDUS BOGARDUS:

Born 1607, Woerden, Province of Utrecht, Holland; Graduate of Leyden University; Comforter of the Sick, in Guinea; Came to America in the ship "Zoutberg" in 1633; Ordained Dutch Minister in New Amsterdam, in 1633; Married Anneke Webber Janse, 1638; Died, 1647, by ship wreck.

References:

Corwins Manual, 4th Edition; O'Callaghans History of New Netherlands; Valentines Manual, 1863; Wilson's Memorial History of New York; New Amsterdam and its People, by John H. Innes.

Anneke Janes

Grandmother of Annettie Bogardus, who married Jacob Brouwer

OME historians weave about Anneke Janse a romance that reads like a fairy story. It is such a delightful tale one would like to believe it, and it is with the greatest regret one opens histories that tell us her royal birth, in the King's palace, may or may not be true, and that the Princess may after all be just an attractive Dutch girl.

Tradition says Anneke Webber was a direct descendant of William the Silent, Prince of Orange. William of Orange had two children by a secret marriage whom he christened Sarah Webber and Wolfert Webber. Wolfert married Tryntje (Catherine) Jonas, and they had three children—Wolfert, Anneke and Marritje. The fairy story tells us of the Royal Grandfathers great displeasure when Anneke married an agriculturist named Roeloff Jansen—a respectable man but not of Royalty. To William the Silent's displeasure is attributed Anneke's migration to America and the royal fortune left in trust to future generations.

Ruth Putnam, in the "Half Moon Series," says, "Anneke Janse came of a respectable, but common family in Masterland Holland (probably Maasland) near Rotterdam," and adds, "there is no foundation to the rumor she descended from Royalty."

Whatever her birth, romance followed her to this country. After the death of Roeloff Jansen, Dominie Bogardus, one of the foremost citizens of New Amsterdam, "was so charmed by the Widow Jansen, he was willing to assume the care of her five children." They lived on Winckel Street, in one of the best houses in the village, had a garden bordered with box, the gayest flower beds in New Amsterdam, and a knocker on their door from Holland.

Anneke Webber was born in Holland (some say in the Kings Palace) in 1604. She married Roeloff Jansen, and in 1630 came with him and her Mother and Sister Marritje on the bark "Pear Tree" to America. They went first to Beverwyck (now Albany) where Roeloff Jansen was employed as bouwmeester (chief farm superintendent) by Patroon Van Renssaelear. In 1633 the family moved to Manhattan Island where in 1636 a tract of land was obtained from Wouter Van Twiller, Director General of the Dutch West India Company. This land consisted of 62 acres west of Broadway, lying along the Hudson River. from the Battery past Park Row; land said to be the most valuable in the whole world today. Soon after receiving the land grant,

Roeloff Jansen died, and as her home was a mile from the fort and without protection from the Indians, the widow with her children moved into the village of New Amsterdam. Anneke took the feminine form of her husbands name—"Janse."

The grant of land obtained from Governor Van Twiller was reconfirmed after the death of Roeloff Jansen, by Governor Stuyvesant. After the capture of the province by the English, the grant was confirmed to the heirs, who in 1671 sold the land to Governor Lovelace, who turned it over to the British Crown. During Queen Annes reign it was given to Trinity Parish, N. Y. At the time of the sale one of the heirs did not sign the deed and this flaw in the conveyance of the property was made the basis of the famous litigation by the heirs of Anneke Janse, against the Trinity Corporation.

In 1638 Anneke Janse married Everardus Bogardus, the Minister of the Reformed Dutch Church. At the time of her second marriage she is described as "a small, well-formed woman with delicate features, transparent complexion, and bright beautiful eyes. She had a well balanced mind, a sunny disposition, winning manners and a kind heart."

Anneke's attractiveness was at least once the cause of trouble. A woman, imagining a slight by the Ministers wife, made public comments on the manner in which Mrs. Bogardus lifted her skirts, "to show her ankles.' Suit was brought, and the slanderer fined, as Anneke convinced the Court she was protecting her wedding finery when she held up her skirts at muddy crossings. The defendant was not only fined, but her husband was ordered to pay his overdue subscription to the Dominie's Church.

Anneke Janse's mother, Tryntje Jonas was a professional nurse, employed by the Dutch West India Company. She has the distinction of having been the first medical woman to exercise her profession on Manhattan Island.

After the death, by shipwreck, of Everardus Bogardus, in 1647, Anneke moved back to her first home—Albany—where she died in 1663. A bronze tablet upon the Mechanics and Farmers Savings Bank, at the northeast corner of James and State Streets, marks the site of her home.

THE WEBBER-BOGARDUS FAMILIES

I WOLFERT WEBBER:

Born, 1582, Holland.
Married, 1600, Tryntje (Catherine) Jonas.
Tryntje Jonas Webber, died, 1646.

Children of Wolfert and Tryntje Jonas Webber:

Wolfert, Born, 1602. Anneke, born, 1604. Marritje.

II ANNEKE WEBBER:

Born, 1604, in Holland.

Died, 1663, Albany, N. Y.

Married, 1. , Roeloff Jansen, in Holland.

2. 1638, Everardus Bogardus, in New Amsterdam.

Children of Everardus and Anneke Janse Bogardus:

Willem	Born,	Nov.	2, 1639, New Amsterdam.
Cornelis	Вар.,	Sept.	9, 1640, New Amsterdam.
Jonas	Вар.,	Jan.	4, 1643, New Amsterdam.
Pieter	Вар.,	Apr.	2, 1645, New Amsterdam.

III WILLEM BOGARDUS:

Bap. Nov. 2, 1639.

Married, Aug. 29, 1657, Wyntie Sybrantse, New Amsterdam.

Children of Willem and Wyntie Sybrantse Bogardus:

Everardus	Вар.	Nov.	2,	1659,	New	Amsterdam.
Sytie	Вар.	Mch.	16,	1661,	New	Amsterdam.
Annettie	Вар.	Oct.	3,	1663,	New	Amsterdam.
Cornelia	Вар.	Aug.	25,	1669,	New	York.
Everardus	Bap.	Dec.	4,	1675,	New	York.

From "Hudson and Mohawk Valleys."

There is a fac-simile of the autograph of Willem Bogardus in Valentines Manual, 1862. William Bogardus was Postmaster of New York in 1687.

IV ANNETTIE BOGARDUS, married Jacob Brouwer, son of Adam Brouwer.

References, "Southern New York Genealogy."

"Genealogy, History and Verse," by Sarah B. F. Ker-Hager.

"Anneke Janse Farm," by Ruth Putnam.

Dr. Johannes De La Montagne

Great Grandfather of Petronella De La Montagne, who married Jacob Brouwer, Jr.

R. JOHANNES DE LA MONTAGNE has the distinction of being the first physician on Manhattan Island. He was one of the most cultured and best educated of the early settlers of New Netherlands. James Riker in his "History of Harlem," speaks of him as "Our very learned Doctor."

In the Province of Saintong, France, lying along the Bay of Biscay, Jean De La Montagne was born in 1595. His family, among the first to flee from religious persecution, moved to Holland, and the son Jean studied medicine in Leyden University. His name was latinized to Johannes because of his profession.

While a student he married Rachel, daughter of Jesse DeForest, a Franch Huguenot from Avesnes, Province of Hainault, living then in Leyden. Riker says, "Jesse DeForest stood prominent among French refugees." He was a master artisan—licensed by the magistrates to dye serges and camlets in colors. This license was a "tribute to his skill," as the Leyden trade in dyed goods depended on the beauty and permanence of colors. He married Marie Du Cloux before leaving France.

In 1637, eleven years after his marriage, Dr. Johannes De La Montagne, his wife and three children came to America. On the sea Marie was born. Almost immediately after his arrival in New Netherlands, Governor Kieft made Dr. De La Montagne a member of his Council. This office he continued to hold under Peter Stuyvesant, until appointed Vice Director at Fort Orange in 1656. Politics appealed to him more strongly than his profession, and he gradually gave up his practice of medicine.

Dr. De La Montagne bought 200 acres of land on Manhattan Island which lay east of the present 8th Avenue, between 93d Street and Harlem River. For this farm he paid \$720.00. He named it "Vredendal" (Quiet Dale). A spring on this land still flows in Central Park. Its source is on a line of 105th Street, 200 feet west of 6th Avenue. It is now piped to the foot of the hill. A translation of the patent of this land, granted by Governor Kieft, is given in Rikers "History of Harlem," page 150.

Dr. Johannes De La Montagne was appointed to the Chief Military Command of the Dutch Colony in 1640, and in 1643–44 led several ex-

peditions against the Indians. At a grand council held in Fort Amsterdam, August 30, 1645, peace was concluded between the Indians and the Dutch settlers. Dr. De La Montagne was one of the signers of the treaty. It is believed he accompanied Governor Stuyvesant to Holland, and died there about 1670.

Dr. De La Montagne's eldest son, often spoken of as "La Montagne" was the first town clerk of Harlem, and is mentioned in histories as "One of the most useful and honored inhabitants." He married Petronella Picques in Slooterdyk, a suburb of Amsterdam, Holland. One of their sons, Vincent lived to be a hundred and sixteen years of age.

Their son Jan married Annetie Waldron, the daughter of Joseph Waldron (a book printer, who came to America in 1652), and Annetie Daniels, and granddaughter of Resolved Waldron of Amsterdam, Holland, of English family.

THE DE LA MONTAGNE FAMILY

I JEAN DE LA MONTAGNE (Dr. Johannes):

Born, 1595, in the Province of Saintong, France.

Died about 1670, Amsterdam, Holland?

Married, Dec. 12, 1626, Rachel De Forest, Leyden, Holland.

Children of Dr. Johannes and Rachel De Forest De La Montagne:

Jesse.....Born in Holland. Died before 1660.

Jean......Born 1632, in Holland.
Rachel.....Born 1634, in Holland. M. Surgeon Guysbert Van Imbroeck.

Marie, born Jan. 26, 1637, at Sea. M. Feb. 14, 1654, Jocobus Hendricks. From Rikers, "History of Harlem."

II JEAN DE LA MONTAGNE:

Born, 1632, in Leyden, Holland.

Came to America with his parents in 1637.

Died, 1672.

Married, Mch. 14, 1654, Petronella Picques, in Slooterdyk, Holland.

Children of Jean and Petronella Piques De La Montagne:

Jan......Bap. Oct. 21, 1655, Amsterdam, Holland.

Vincent...........Born Apr. 22, 1657, Died, 1773. (Lived 116 yrs.).

Nicasius........Born Apr. 9, 1659, Died, 1703. M. Christina Roosevelt.

Abraham......Born Mch. 16, 1664, Died, 1734. M. Rebecca Idens.

Isaac.....Born May 19, 1669, Died, 1703. M. Ester Van Voorst.

PetronellaBorn Mch. 14, 1671.......M. Peter See.

Alvan

From "The Hudson River Valleys," by Cuyler Reynolds.

III JAN DE LA MONTAGNE:

Bap. Oct. 21, 1655, in Amsterdam, Holland. Died, July 12, 1730, in New York. Married, October 9, 1678, Annetie Waldron. Annetie Waldron, Born, 1657.

Children of Jan and Annetie Waldron De La Montagne:

Annetie	Bap.	July 16, 1679.
Johannes	Bap.	Jan. 19, 1681.
Petronella	Bap.	Apr. 7, 1683.
Joseph	Bap.	Dec. 1, 1684.
Jesse	Bap.	Jan. 19, 1687.
Abraham	Вар.	Nov. 25, 1688.
Rachel	Bap.	Mch. 8, 1691.
Jacob	Bap.	June 25, 1693.
Marritie	Ban.	Sept. 29, 1695.

From "New York Genealogical and Biographical History."

IV PETRONELLA DE LA MONTAGNE:

Bap. April 7, 1683. Married, Oct. 28, 1709, Jacob Brouwer.

Fr. Ancient Families of New York, by Edwin R. Purple.

THE DE FOREST FAMILY

I MELCHOIR DE FOREST:

Married, 1533, Catherine De Fosset, of Mons, France.

II JEAN DE FOREST. First Protestant of his family:

Married Anne Maillard.

III JESSE DE FOREST:

Born about 1575, Avesnes, France. Married, Sept. 23, 1601, Marie Du Cloux, Sedan, France.

IV RACHEL DE FOREST. B. about 1609:

Married, Dec. 12, 1626, Dr. Johannes De La Montagne.

From "The Hudson and Mohawk Valleys." "History of the Van Norden Family."

The De Motte Family

Michael DeMotte

THREE De Motte brothers, Huguenots, fleeing from religious persecution in France, crossed the Rhine into Holland where they lived a few years before emigrating to America, After staying a short time in New Amsterdam they moved up the Hudson River to the region known as "The Esopus," where a few Frenchmen had bought land of the Indians. As a French colony this settlement was short lived, but later the Dutch established the town of Wiltwyck, which was renamed Kingston by the English. It was in this settlement, according to the Somerset County, New Jersey, Historical Quarterly, that two of the DeMotte brothers, Michael and Matthias made their home. Michael is first mentioned in the Kingston records in 1665. No mention of the third brother has been found.

Michael married Ante Wesbrouck, daughter of Anthony Wesbrouck of Albany. The name of Anthony Wesbrouck does not appear in the list of early inhabitants of Albany, but Cornelis Teunissen Van Wesbroek is given in the first volume of "Annals of Albany," by Joel Munsell, as a settler in Albany in 1631. As Teunis is the Dutch name for Anthony, the English translation of the above is, Cornelius Anthony of Wesbrouck. This may have been shortened to Anthony Wesbrouck. However that is conjecture.

The births of four of Michael and Ante Wesbrouck DeMotte's children are recorded in the Old Dutch Reformed Church of Kingston, N. Y. A son Anthony is mentioned in histories, but no birth record has been found. He may have been born before the births of the Kingston Church were recorded.

Evidently the DeMotte brothers found conditions unsatisfactory in the Esopus country, for in 1704 they moved to New Jersey, going first to Bergen (Jersey City). Matthias bought land and established a home there. Michael purchased a tract of land lying between the hills and Pequannack River in Morris County, N. J., known as Pompton Plains. The deed to this land is dated October 9, 1704. He built a stone house onto the south end of which he attached his blacksmith shop. There at Pompton Plains he lived the remainder of his life, "a blacksmith by trade and a farmer by occupation."

Michael and Ante DeMotte were members of the Reformed Dutch Church. They were the forebears of all the DeMottes mentioned in the following DeMotte record.

The DeMotte Family

BETWEEN the time Michael DeMotte and his wife are mentioned as citizens of Kingston, and 1704, when they moved to Bergen (Jersey City) New Jersey, their children Maria, Dirck, Johannes, Michael and Anthony lived on Lond Island. No mention can be found of the parents ever making their home there. In "Proceedings of the New Jersey Historical Society," Vol. 7, is found a reference to the marriage of Maria DeMott, daughter of Michael and Ante Wesbrouck DeMotte, of Kingston, N. Y., to Hendrick Aten of Fosters Meadow, L. I. Anthony DeMott a witness is spoken of as Hendrick's brother-in-law. In the same volume is mentioned the marriage of Johannes DeMott to Marie Aten, sister of Hendrick, sometime before 1707.

No mention of the marriage of Dirck DeMotte has been found but the records of the Reformed Dutch Church of Jamaica, L. I., contain the births of the nine children of Dirck and Christina (Styntie) DeMott.

In the history of this Church, is the following—"Anthony and Michael DeMott, Frenchmen, came from Esopus, to Fosters Meadow." In the same history these men are given in a list of persons agreeing to keep up their proportion of the fence around the cemetery at Fosters Meadow, in 1737.

Dirck had moved to New Jersey before this date. The Readington N. J. Church History, by H. P. Thompson, gives the following: "Dirck DeMoth and Christina DeMoth his wife, joined Church (then North Branch) in 1733." Dirck DeMoth is recorded as an Elder in 1736. The Somerset Co. Historical Quarterly, Vol. 5, speaks of him as settling in the neighborhood of Neshanic, N. J., and states that all the Somerset DeMotts descend from this Dirck.

The Neshanic N. J. Reformed Dutch Church was formed August 25, 1752. The Church was situated near the residence of Lawrence DeMotte (Dirck's son) who was appointed Deacon in 1759. In 1760 Styntie DeMott was a contributor. Dirck DeMott died in 1753, and his wife in 1777.

The home of the DeMottes changed with every generation. Dircks son Lawrence married Dorothe VanderBeek in New Jersey, and lived there until after the Revolutionary War. Lawrence's daughter Deborah married Peter Van Nice (Van Nuys) and in the Van Nuys Genealogy, by Miss Carrie Allen, the following is given: "There are still living

some of her grandchildren who have heard Deborah (Demott) Van Nice tell how she, a girl in her early teens, with other members of the family, spent nights by turns, in their barn near Millstone, Somerset County, N. J., trying to prevent the depredations of the British troops who were stationed near their house." Lawrence DeMott fought in the Revolutionary War.

It is not known when Lawrence DeMotte and his family left New Jersey. They may have lived for a time in Conewago, Pa., as the name DeMott appears among the names of the Colonists there.

The deed to their land in Mercer Co., Ky., is dated 1794.

In his Western home Lawrence DeMotte continued his religious activities. He was a signer of a petition, dated November 2, 1795, to the Classis of the Reformed Dutch Church at New Brunswick, N. J., for a preacher in Mercer County, Ky., at the Head of Salt River. This call for help was heeded, and when Peter LaBagh was sent to Kentucky to organize the Dutch settlers, and form a Church, Lawrence DeMotte was one of its members. He helped in the establishing of one of the first churches in Kentucky—"The Old Mud Meeting house."

The Conewago Colony

ROMANTIC as we think of it today, and rich in interest, is the Colonization of Conewago, Pennsylvania, by French Huguenots and Dutch settlers from New Jersey. The farm lands along the Raritan River were among the best in America, yet their owners left them—perhaps influenced by the tendency of the times to "go west"—and went to what was then the extreme Western frontier. Three miles south of the present city of Gettysburg, Pa., on Conewago Creek, the Colony was established. Fully one third of these settlers were from the neighborhood of Neshanic and Millstone, in Somerset County, New Jersey.

The colonization of Conewago began about 1765. Little, if anything would be known of it today if the records of the Conewago Reformed Dutch Church had not been found. On its pages are names contained in this record—Brower, VanArsdale, Cozine. Historians say the DeMotte family was represented there. It was in Conewago two of John and Jannetie Van Arsdale Brower's children—Garret and David—were born.

During the first years of the Colony, ministers traveled the 150 miles from the old New Jersey home to the Pennsylvania settlement to hold occasional services. A church was built in 1768 or 1769, a barn-like structure of boards on a stone foundation. In 1772 the Rev. Cornelius Cozine was called as a regular pastor, and until 1793 the church was in a flourishing condition. At one time about 1000 persons lived in the Colony.

In 1780 fifty heads of families left for Kentucky, and the next year other families followed. Mr. H. A. Scomp, of Kentucky, wrote, "On April 10, 1793, the largest number started over the mountains for the cane land of 'Kaintuckee,' over the Wilderness road. They always rested on Sunday and held divine services. When they reached the upper waters of the Ohio, they flat-boated it to Maysville, where they set the great wagons in motion for the Upper Salt River, about Herrods Station."

After 1793, the colony gradually declined, and in a few years was deserted. The reason for the abandonment is not known.

In 1905 the Church yard of Conewago was still enclosed, but scarcely any grave stones were visible.

Mr. A. VanDoren Honeyman says, in the Somerset, New Jersey, Historical Quarterly, Vol. 4, "A few stones left of the wall of the edifice, grass, trees, the twittering of birds, are all that now remain to tell us of the sermons and the worship on that spot for 30 years, of an active church life."

The Mud Meeting House

HE Conewago Church is called the Mother of the Mud Meeting House, in Mercer County, Kentucky. In 1796 Peter LaBagh was sent by the Reformed Dutch Church Classis at New Brunswick, New Jersey, to preach in Kentucky. While there he organized the settlers on Salt River—many of them Conewago Colonists—into a church. In 1800 a church building was erected—the historic Mud Meeting House. Its walls were of uprights interlaced with sticks and mortar. At one time John DeMotte donated fifteen pounds in trade, toward the cost of the church, and Lawrence DeMotte and his son Peter DeMotte each gave a fat steer.

Mr. H. A. Scomp, at a Centennial celebration of the founding of the Mud Meeting House, said of its French Huguenot and Dutch founders, "They brought their church, red with the blood of its martyrs, with them from beyond the ocean, and the peaceful fruits of righteousness everywhere began to appear."

I MICHAEL DEMOTTE:

Settled in Esopus (Kingston, N. Y.) before 1665. Married Ante Wesbrouck, dau. of Anthony Wesbrouck, Albany.

Children of Michael and Ante Wesbrouck DeMotte:

Marya	Вар.	Dec.	22,	1678,	Horley, New York.
Johannes	Вар.	Oct.	8,	1682,	Kingston, New York.
Dirck	Вар.	Sept.	21,	1684,	Kingston, New York.
Michael	Вар.	Jan.	1.	1687,	Kingston, New York.

From Hoes Baptismal Register, Old Dutch Church, Kingston, N. Y. Anthony, no record found. Mentioned in histories.

II DIRCK (RICHARD) DEMOTTE:

Bap. Sept. 21, 1684, Kingston, N. Y.
Settled first in Jamaica, Long Island.
Moved to New Jersey.
Elder in North Branch, N. J., Reformed Dutch Church, 1736.
Died, July 14, 1753, Somerset County, New Jersey.
Married Christina (Styntie) ———.
Christina DeMotte, died, 1777, New Jersey.

II Dirck (Richard) Demotte (Continued)

Children of Dirck and Christina DeMotte:

Michael	Вар.	June	6,	1710,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Kniertie	Bap.	Oct.	7,	1712,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Johannes	Bap.	Apr.	1,	1716,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Lourens	Bap.	Aug.	30,	1718,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Laurens	Bap.	Oct.	25,	1719,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Abraham	Bap.	Dec.	10,	1721,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Ida	Bap.	Nov.	28,	1725,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Jacob	Bap.	Dec.	24,	1727,	Jamaica,	Long	Island.
Isaac	No rec	cord fo	ound	i.			

From the Somerset County, N. J. Historical Quarterly, and Records of the Reformed Dutch Church, Jamaica, Long Island.

III LAURENS (LAWRENCE) DEMOTTE:

Bap. Oct. 25, 1719, Jamaica, L. I.
Moved to Somerset Co., New Jersey with his parents.
Deacon of Neshanic, N. J., Church in 1758.
Moved to Mercer Co., Ky. Land deed dated, 1794.
Will probated May 14, 1800, Mercer Co., Ky.
Married April 25, 1749, Dorothe VanderBeek, New Jersey.
Dorothe VanderBeek B. Jan. 21, 1729, Staten Island.
Daughter of Rem. and Dorothe Coteleau VanderBeek.
Fr. Ref. Dutch Church Record, Staten Island.

Children of Laurens and Dorothe VanderBeek De Motte:

DirckBap.	July 22, 1753.	Remained in New Jersey.
LawrensBap.	June 6, 1755.	Moved to Mercer Co., Ky.
MarthaBap.	Aug. 6, 1757.	Married Mr. Bice.
PieterBap.	Nov. 11, 1759.	Moved to Cove Spring, Ky.
		M. Mary Terhune.
DeborahBap.	Nov. 6, 1763.	Married Peter Van Nuys.
AbrahamBap.	Apr. 19, 1766.	Moved to Preble Co., Ohio.
JohannesBap.	July 16, 1769.	Moved to Mercer Co., Ky.
SarahMenti	oned in Father's	will. M. Mr. Hall.
MaryMenti	oned in Father's	will. M. Mr. David Banta.

From Neshanic Reformed Dutch Church Baptismal Records. Nelsons "Colonial History of New Jersey Marriage Records." New Jersey Archives, 1st Series, Vol. 22. Laurens DeMotte's Will, Mercer Co., Ky., Records.

IV JOHANNES DEMOTTE:

Born, July 16, 1769, Somerset Co., New Jersey. Moved to Kentucky about 1791. Died, 1811. Married Oct. 31, 1793, Anna Cozine, in Kentucky.

IV Johannes Demotte (Continued)

Children of Johannes and Anna Cozine DeMotte:

Lawrence......Born, 1794. Settled in Pike Co., Ind., 1823. M. Phoebe Banta.

Cornelius.......M. Barbary Holt. Settled in Parke Co., Ind., 1830. Daniel......B. Mch. 19, 1798. M. Oct. 31, 1816, Mary Brewer.

From the old family record preserved by Dr. W. H. DeMotte.

V DANIEL DEMOTTE:

Born, March 19, 1798, Mercer Co., Ky.

Died, Feb. 2, 1875, Greencastle, Indiana.

Married 1st., Oct. 31, 1816, Mary Brewer, Mercer Co., Ky.

Married 2nd, 1867, Mrs. Margaret Rifenbarick.

Children of Daniel and Mary Brewer DeMotte:

1 John Brewer, B. Oct. 11, 1817, Perryville, Ky .:

D. Nov. 30, 1901, Chicago, Ill.

Methodist minister for fifty years.

M. 1st. Sept. 27, 1842, Emily F. Payne, Owen Co., Ind.

Emily F. Payne, B. Bedford Co., Va., D. July 9, 1851.

2nd. July 17, 1852, Phoebe J. Foster.

Phoebe Foster, B. Monroe Co., N. Y., D. Oct. 25, 1891.

Children of John B. and Emily Payne DeMotte:

James Emory, B. 1843, D. 1843.

John Brewer, B. Aug. 21, 1848, Waveland, Ind.

D. Sept. 1, 1907, Greencastle, Ind. M. Feb. 5, 1878, Lelia L. Washburn.

Lelia L. Washburn, B. Sept. 16, 1855.

D. Feb. 25, 1910.

Elizabeth, B. 1844. M. Dr. Marvin T. Case.

Children of John B. and Phoebe Foster DeMotte:

Margaret, B. 1858. M. William Potts.

Emily Foster, B. 1860, D. Sept. 14, 1920.

M. May 7, 1878, James E. Vanschoiack.

George Ellis, B. 1862.

Phoebe Minnie, D. 1870.

Sarah Ellen, D. 1874.

2 Mary Ann, B. May 29, 1819. D. Oct. 2, 1856:

M. Jan. 1, 1835, William Sunderland.

Children of Wm. and Mary Ann DeMotte Sunderland:

James D. B. June 9, 1836. D. June 27, 1837.

Thomas.....B. Mch. 5, 1839.

John.....B. July 22, 1846.

WilliamB. Oct. 14, 1848. D. Nov. 21, 1913.

Charles......B. Oct. 4, 1851. D. Nov. 4, 1856.

V Daniel Demotte (Continued)

- 3 Sarah Jane, B. May 22, 1821.
- 4 James Smock, B. May 6, 1823:

M. May 3, 1842, Margaret Spangler.

Children of James S. and Margaret Spangler DeMotte:

Charles W.

Laura E. M. Mr. Holt.

Alice E. M. Mr. Marsh.

Martha Frances. M. Mr. Peyton.

5 Martha Ellen, B. Apr. 24, 1825. D. July 16, 1898, Chicago, Ill.:

M. 1st., June 28, 1842, Joel Johnson Thorpe. 2nd, Jan 8, 1856, Nathan Page Sunderland.

Children of Joel J. and Ellen DeMotte Thorpe:

John DanielB. Mch. 29, 1844. D. July 29, 1845.

Lucius MortimerB. June 16, 1846. D. Apr. 20, 1853.

Emily DeMotte.....B. Aug. 30, 1848. D. May 31, 1912.

Children of Nathan P. and Ellen DeMotte Sunderland:

Hettie Rofena......B. Dec. 23, 1857. D. Nov. 9, 1859.

Mark D. B. Oct. 28, 1860. D. Mch. 22, 1863.

William Ward......B. July 18, 1863.

Mary.....B. Ap. 27, 1868.

6 Amanda Frances, B. Mch. 2, 1828. D. Oct. 17, 1883, Greencastle, Ind.

M. Aug. 10, 1847. Abisha Lawton Morrison.

A. L. Morrison. B. June 30, 1825.

Children of A. L. and Amanda F. De Motte Morrison:

Daniel Strobridge......B. May 12, 1849, Greencastle, Ind.

M. Feb. 15, 1872, Rebecca C. Walter. Rebecca Catherine Walter B., 1851.

Mary Florence............B. Sept. 6, 1850, D. Aug. 13, 1921.

M. Apr. 21, 1869, Wilbur Fiske Walker.

Catherine Blanche......B. Aug. 22, 1852, D. Apr. 12, 1911.

M. Oct. 18, 1871, Lewis D. Hayes.

M. Jan. 10, 1884, Roland T. Carr. John Foster......B. Oct. 27, 1854, D. Apr. 18, 1925.

M. Oct. 8, 1889, Jennie F. Patterson.

Anna Lorinda.....B. July 7, 1856.

M. Sept. 29, 1879, Jefferson Clark.

Ella DeMotte......B. Dec. 23, 1858, Putnam Co., Ind. M. Mch. 22, 1883, Albert P. Burnside.

William Lawton B. June 20, 1861, D. Fall of 1861.

Thomas Stevens......B. Dec. 14, 1863.

Mark Lawton......B. Apr. 2, 1866, D. Oct. 1873.

Amanda FrancesB. Sept. 8, 1868.

M. June 19, 1889, James A. Hanna.

Fred Walker......B. Mch. 2, 1870, D., 1870.

Frank Walker.....B. Apr. 4, 1873.

M. Oct. 9, 1901, Jessie H. Skinner.

V Daniel Demotte (Continued)

7 William Holman, B. July 17, 1830, Mercer Co., Ky .:

D. Jan. 2, 1910, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Present in Ford's Theatre, Washington, when Abraham Lincoln was Teacher of the Deaf. assassinated.

M. 1st Sept. 15, 1852, Catharine Hoover, Darlington, Ind.

Catharine Hoover, B. Nov. 21, 1831, Tippecanoe Co.

D. May 28, 1872, Jacksonville, 111.

M. 2nd Dec. 23, 1873, Anna Graves.

Anna Graves, B. Oct. 15, 1840, Bardstown, Ky.

D. June 17, 1921, Jacksonville, Ill.

Children of William H. and Catharine Hoover DeMotte:

Ellen.....B. Jan. 6, 1854.

M. Oct. 28, 1873, William Finley Brown. W. F. Brown, died, 1920.

M. 1886, Albert R. Archibald.

CatharineB. July 14, 1860.

M. July 7, 1880, Rugene A. Gates.

MarshallB. Nov. 28, 1862,

M. 1892, Florence Hackett.

Mary G.B. Mch. 10, 1867.

M. 1894, J. G. Deering, Japan.

Elizabeth.........B. Sept. 11, 1871.

M. July 31, 1894, Truman P. Carter.

Child of William H. and Anna Graves DeMotte:

Amelia.....B. June 21, 1876.

8 Mark Lindsay, B. Dec. 28, 1832, Rockville, Ind.

Died, Sept. 23, 1908, Valparaiso, Ind.

Founder of the Valparaiso, Indiana, Law School.

Member of the 47th Congress, 1881-1883.

M. 1st Dec. 16, 1856, Elizabeth Christy.

M. 2nd Jan. 12, 1893, Clara A. Stevens.

Children of Mark L. and Elizabeth Christy DeMotte:

Mary.............B. Dec. 16, 1857. M. John H. Wilson. LouiseB. Aug. 23, 1859. D. Sept. 24, 1905.

M. Lawrence Letherman.

VI SARAH JANE DEMOTTE:

B. May 22, 1821, Mercer Co., Ky.

D. Feb. 16, 1904, Indianapolis, Ind.

M. Nov. 10, 1836, Hiram Marshall, Rockville, Ind.

Children of Hiram and Sarah Jane DeMotte Marshall:

1 William Sunderland:

Teacher of the Deaf.

B. Aug. 29, 1837, Rockville, Ind.

D. July 24, 1909, Pasadena, Cal.

M. Aug. 17, 1870, Mrs. Dolly Tate Kerr.

Dolly Tate, B. Aug. 16, 1842. D. July 25, 1878.

M. Feb. 24, 1880, Martha Dunn. Pleasant Hill, Mo.

M. July 6, 1882, Ellena Provines, St. Louis, Mo.

Ellena Provines, D. Oct. 10, 1914.

Children of Wm. and Dolly Tate Marshall:

Ella......B. Oct. 18, 1873.

William Nolley......B. June 7, 1875.

M. Oct. 10, 1911, Mary Fletcher Gray.

Dolly GraceB. July 24, 1878.

Children of Wm. and Martha Dunn Marshall:

2 Mary Ellen:

B. Dec. 16, 1839, Rockville, Ind.

D. Mch, 23, 1880, Greencastle, Ind.

M. July 6, 1859, William Green Burnett, Jeffersonville, Ind.

W. G. Burnett, B. Dec. 9, 1833, Edgar Co., Ill.

D. Feb. 17, 1906, Anderson, Ind.

Children of Wm. G. and Mary E. Marshall Burnett:

M. June 4, 1879, Edward Benton Walker.

E. B. Walker, B. Sept. 18, 1854

Children of E. B. and Minnie Burnett Walker:

(a) Edith DeMotte.

B. June 21, 1880, Anderson, Ind.

M. June 19, 1906, John Ralph Voris

J. R. Voris, B. June 6, 1880.

Children of J. R. and Edith Walker Voris:

Virginia.....B. Dec. 6, 1907, New York.

George Walker.....B. Jan. 27, 1910, Anderson, Ind.

Edith EloiseB. July 30, 1914, Laramie, Wy.

(b) Willis Burnett.

B. Nov. 22, 1884, Anderson, Ind.

M. Dec. 28, 1911, Gertrude Taylor, Humboldt, Ill.

Gertrude Taylor, B. Jan. 30, 1885.

Children of Willis B. and Gertrude T. Walker:

Burnett......B. May 10, 1913, East Orange, N. J.

John David......B. Mch. 4, 1924, New York.

(c) Nelle B.B. Dec. 19, 1887, Anderson, Ind.

M. Dec. 31, 1913, Robison Willard Irvin.

R. W. Irvin, B. Jan. 10, 1886

Child of R. W. and Nelle Walker Irvin:

Jean.....B. Feb. 7, 1915, Oxford, Ind.

(B) Charles Marshall .. B. July 3, 1862, Paris, Ill.

D. Oct. 23, 1904.

(C) Olive.....B. June 10, 1867, Greencastle, Ind.

M. Nov. 13, 1889, Ralph B. Clark, Anderson, Ind., R.B. Clark, B. May 24, 1866.

Children of Ralph B. and Olive Burnett Clark:

Children of George and Mary M. Clark:

Mary Ann.....B. Apr. 12, 1920.

Ralph BurnettB. Oct. 1, 1921.

George Mason......B. Mch. 24, 1923.

(b) Robert Walker ...B. Sept. 2, 1894, Anderson, Ind.M. Sept. 1, 1923, Margaret Brown.

Children of Robert W. and Maragret Clark:

William Brown......B. July 20, 1924.

(c) MaryellenB. Nov. 6, 1896, Anderson, Ind.

(D) Paul Heath.

B. Feb. 14, 1870, Greencastle, Ind.

M. Dec. 20, 1899, Minnie Eshelman, Anderson, Ind.

Children of Paul H. and Minnie Eshelman Burnett:

Martha PaulineB. Dec. 25, 1904, Anderson, Ind.

David WilliamB. July 31, 1906, Greencastle, Ind.

Edward RossB. Aug. 31, 1910, Elwood, Ind.

D. Sept. 12, 1910.

Elizabeth Charity .. B. Sept. 18, 1912, Elwood, Ind.

(E) William Willis....B. Mch. 22, 1877, Greencastle, Ind.

D. May 18, 1912, Chicago, Ill.

M. Musa Scouden, Anderson, Ind.

3 Sarah Frances:

B. Mch. 29, 1842, Greencastle, Ind., D. May 24, 1926:

M. Aug. 6, 1862, George W. Perry, Jeffersonville, Ind.

Children of George W. and Frances Marshall Perry:

(A) Albert Stuart B. Aug. 13, 1863.

M. June 20, 1888, Joanna Marquette.

Children of Albert S. and Joanna M. Perry:	Children	of	Albert	S.	and	Ioanna	M.	Perry:
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(a) Ernest......B. Aug. 1, 1890.

M. May 30, 1914, Evelyn Linke.

Children of Ernest and Evelyn L. Perry:

Russell Linke Perry B. June 27, 1915.

- (b) Vivian.....B. June 9, 1894, D. Aug. 25, 1894.
- (B) Edward Marshall B. Nov. 9, 1865.

M. Dec. 30, 1892, Laura Belle Cox.

Children of Edward M. and Laura C. Marshall:

(a) Olma LucileB. Mch. 30, 1895. M. 1920, Edwin Arnold.

141. 1920, Ed Will

Child of Olma and E. Arnold:

Wilma Jean......B. Nov. 2, 1922.

- (b) Edna Regina.....B. July 15, 1896.
- (c) Wilma Gladys....B. Nov. 12, 1898.

M. Nov. 10, 1923, Ralph Whitsitt.

- (d) Harold Cecil.....B. Dec. 22, 1905.
- (C) Francis SullivanB. Oct. 10, 1867.M. Sept., 1896, Eliza Walker.

Children of Francis and Eliza Walker Perry:

Frances.....B. Mch. 17, 1898.

Estelle.....B. Jan. 8, 1902.

Theodore......B. Aug., 1905. Francis.....B. May 16, 1907.

(D) Kate.....B. June 20, 1871.

M. Lincoln D. Snider.

Children of Lincoln and Kate Perry Snider:

Lawrence T.....B. July 9, 1889.

M. June 9, 1913, Florence Aker.

Child. Leona, B. June 6, 1914.

Perry B......B. May 27, 1893.

Naomi O.....B. Dec. 4, 1894.

M. May, 1921, Charles McCurry.

Child, Sarah Frances, B. Apr. 12, 1922.

MarshallB. Sept. 27, 1897.

Gilbert R. B. Aug. 12, 1900.

Esther Flora......B. Mch. 27, 1905.

(E) Rose Etta.....B. Sept. 27, 1875.

M. June 9, 1897, Edwin Porter Ellsberry.

Edwin P. Ellsberry D.

Mch. 13, 1918.

M. Aug. 1, 1925, Jewett Russell Hudlow.

Children of E. P. and Rose Perry Ellsberry:

- Frank ElderB. Mch. 9, 1898.
- George Edwin......B. Dec. 16, 1909.
- Mary Janette......B. May 5, 1912.
- (F) Jane DeMotte B. Nov. 2, 1877.
 - M. May 16, 1900, Francis Joseph Walsh. Francis J. Walsh, B. Feb. 26, 1874.
- (G) Hiram Paul......B. June 4, 1881, D. Dec. 30, 1902.
- 4 George Beswick, B. April 16, 1844, Greencastle, Ind.
- 5 Albert Theodore, B. Apr. 26, 1847, D. Aug. 25, 1847.

VII GEORGE BESWICK MARSHALL:

Born, April 16, 1844, Greencastle, Indiana. Died, Oct. 21, 1916, Tacoma, Washington. Married, Oct. 1, 1868, Clarinda Tucker, Martinsville, Ind.

Children of George B. and Clarinda Tucker Marshall:

- (A) Lucile, B. Apr. 7, 1870, Greencastle, Ind.
- (B) Sarah Katharine, B. Jan. 20, 1875, Greencastle, Ind. M. June 15, 1898, Richard Twells Buchanan.

Children of Richard T. and Sarah Marshall Buchanan

- Helen......B. Sept. 10, 1901, Indianapolis.
 - D. Apr. 15, 1904, Indianapolis.
- Harriet Lucile......B. May 30, 1909, Tacoma, Wash.
 - D. June 1, 1909, Tacoma, Wash.
- Richard Marshall...B. Mch. 13, 1914, Tacoma, Wash. D. Sept. 11, 1920, Indianapolis.
- 3 William Hiram.
 - B. Nov. 20, 1879, Greencastle, Ind.
 - D. Jan. 10, 1920, Opal, Wyoming.

VIII LUCILE MARSHALL:

Born, April 7, 1870, Greencastle, Indiana. Married, April 25, 1894, Herbert Hunt, Indianapolis, Indiana. Herbert Hunt, B. Ap. 17, 1869, died Jan. 31, 1918, Tacoma, Washington.

Children of Herbert and Lucile Marshall Hunt:

Marshall Allen	B.	Dec.	1, 1895, Indianapolis, Ind.
	Μ.	Sept.	1, 1921, Mae Murphy, New Yor

k.

Katharine StarrB. Nov. 4, 1900, Indianapolis, Ind. Clara Louise.......B. July 17, 1905, Everett, Washington.

Herbert.....B. July 13, 1907, Tacoma, Washington.

Daniel De Motte

THE religious spirit of the French Huguenots, the courage of the immigrant fore-fathers, and the fortitude of the pioneers, seem to have been concentrated in Daniel De Motte. Following his conversion to the Methodist faith he left a comfortable farm home in Kentucky, took his wife and seven children into the wilderness of Indiana, and became a Methodist preacher.

The story of his conversion and his decision to enter the ministry is interesting. His wife, who was deeply religious, begged him to attend a Methodist camp-meeting being held near their Kentucky home. As an excuse for not going, he said he must go to the County seat to pay his taxes. Mary decided to go along and next morning rode away toward Harrodsburg on the same horse with her husband. When they neared the camp-meeting grounds a storm came up suddenly and they sought shelter in the tent meeting place. Before they left Daniel was converted. When he returned home he immediately moved the liquor glasses and bottles from their usual place on the table and replaced them with the Bible. The next morning a neighbor who had called every day for a sociable drink, appeared at the DeMotte home as usual.

"Just be seated," Daniel said, "We have not had our morning prayers yet."

The old fellow's eyes opened wide; he sat down on the edge of a chair looking very uncomfortable. When the prayers were ended, he remarked, "Well I reckon I'd better be a gwyen." And he returned no more for drinks.

Soon after his conversion, Daniel helped at a corn shucking. Following an old custom, the men stood in a circle and a bottle of liquor was passed around, each man taking a "swig." Daniel stayed outside the circle, saying he could not drink. Some one suggested that if he couldn't drink, he might pass the bottle along. "No Sir," he replied, "What I can not do myself, I will not ask others to do."

When thirteen years of age, Daniel DeMotte lost his father. When nineteen, he married Mary Brewer, and took her to a two room house of their own in Perryville, Kentucky, where in one room he established a tailorshop, and in the other the home. This house stood on a lot purchased by Daniel for \$16.50. Soon realizing he must give up confining work, he rented a farm and a little later bought land at Cove Spring, Kentucky. He divided his time between tailoring and out door work,

and gradually regained his health. The following is a description of the farm, as given in the deed dated October 6, 1818. "A parcel of land containing 62½ acres in Mercer County, on the waters of Doctors Fork, bounded as follows: Beginning at two sugar trees corner, to Barster Blagroves, thence N. 45 degrees, E. 57 pole, to two black locusts and ash, in said Blagroves line, then N. 45 degrees, W. 154 pole to sugar tree and hickory in Taylors line, thence W. 80 pole to two dogwoods and beach, in said line, thence south 45 degrees E. 208 pole to beginning."

Daniel DeMotte needed the courage of his forefathers, when he sold this farm and with his wife and seven children, went into the new state of Indiana to ride a Methodist circuit. He had small means, little schooling, and no preparation for the ministry. He settled his family on a farm now a part of Rockville, Indiana, where a brother lived, and set about at once carrying the message of Christianity he himself had so recently heeded, to the scattered Hoosier pioneers. There was much to discourage him. Even the Presiding Elder of his district thought he had better turn to something else than preaching. In later years Elder Cooper admitted his error.

Perhaps the greater share of the burdens of pioneer life fell on the wife. Mary Brewer DeMotte, with her eight children—Mark L. the eighth was born in Rockville—moved almost every year, living usually in one room cabins and much of the time without protection, when the husband was out on the circuit. The eldest son John said of his mother, "She was one of the lovliest of women." At another time he wrote of her, "The love power of such women can not be estimated."

After the family moved to Greencastle, they lived more comfortably. Daniel DeMotte not only sent a number of his own children to Indiana Asbury University (now DePauw), but was able to aid financially several students, among them Daniel Vorhees, who repaid his benefactor long before he became a United States Senator.

In 1835 Daniel DeMotte was admitted to the Indiana Annual Conference as a traveling preacher. In 1853 he was appointed by the Board of Trustees of Indiana Asbury University, to act as general agent to solicit funds for the institution. This position he held nine years until the agency was abolished. He gave forty years service to the Methodist church.

Mary Brewer DeMotte died in Greencastle, Indiana, October 21, 1866 and was buried there. In 1867 Daniel DeMotte married Margaret Rifenbarick, who survived him.

February 2, 1875, Daniel DeMotte, the Circuit Rider, began his last journey. His dying words were, "All is well, all is well, Blessed Jesus."

Hiram Marshall

Husband of Sarah Jane DeMotte Marshall

IRAM MARSHALL, of Quaker birth, had the gentle manner, kind heart, and noble character of persons of that faith. He was loved by his family and neighbors, and widely respected. In the early days of Greencastle, Indiana, his fellow citizens elected him Councilman, and in 1854, Mayor.

His parents, Francis and Mary Murray Marshall, moved with their six children from Orange County, North Carolina, to Orange County, Indiana in 1820. Hiram was then nine years of age. The father died two years after they reached the new home, and the mother took her eight children (two were born in Indiana) to Parke County, Indiana, that she might be near a brother living there. Hiram followed the boot and shoe makers trade, and some times took in payment pieces of furniture, which he used in outfitting a home in preparation for his marriage to Sarah Jane DeMotte. The wedding took place November 10, 1836, in Rockville. Mark L. DMotte (Jane's brother), who was a very small child at that time, described the event years later in a reminiscent letter to his sister Amanda. "The wedding," he wrote, "which was late in the Fall, I recall very distinctly. Not the ceremony, but the accompanying preparations. I presume I witnessed the ceremony. If I did it failed to make an impression. The table which was spread in the east cabin, I remember vividly. Aunt Peggy Williams whom I now recall as an old woman with a long face and many wrinkles, squeezed butter through a coarse rag and ornamented the butter. remember Jane was dressed in white, and Jim, child though he was, had a high hat. I can remember Mother coming and going, in a hurry, with her white cap border flying. I did not eat at the first table. I do not remember eating at all, but of looking longingly at the unusual display of good things."

The year of his marriage, Hiram Marshall became converted to the Methodist faith at a camp meeting. Five years later he moved his family to Greencastle, Indiana, where they made their home for forty-three years, with the exception of four years during the Civil War when they lived in Jeffersonville, Indiana. Hiram Marshall had charge of the boot and shoe factory in the Indiana State prison during that time.

Sarah Jane DeMotte Marshall had a remarkable memory. It was often said that if she had had educational advantages she would have become a brilliant leader. Like her parents she was deeply religious. Hiram Marshall and his wife were persons of fine character, and their influence was widespread.

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George Beswick Marshall

EORGE BESWICK MARSHALL inherited many of his fathers Quaker characteristics. He too was gentle, kind and estimable. From his mother he inherited a remarkable memory.

Living in Jeffersonville, Indiana, when the Civil War broke out, he enlisted in the 49th Indiana Volunteers, and served throughout the conflict. At the close of the war his parents returned to their former home in Greencastle, Indiana, where the young soldier learned the tinners trade. His first work took him to Martinsville, where he became acquainted with Clarinda Tucker. October 1, 1868, they were married and soon went to Greencastle to live.

Early in his married life, George Marshall was City Treasurer of Greencastle for several terms. In 1890 he accepted a position in Indianapolis in the United States Pension Office, a position he held, except for a short period during a Democratic administration, for twenty-two years. Resigning in 1912, he and his wife went to Tacoma, Washington, that they might live near their daughters.

George Marshall became Commander of Custer Post, G. A. R., of Tacoma, and was stricken when opening a meeting October 21, 1916. He died before reaching home.

He had many friends. He was of medium size, attractive in appearance and was always carefully dressed. An unusual gift of story telling and a keen sense of humor, made him popular in social circles. He traveled extensively in this country, and in 1879 he and his brother, William S. Marshall, visited Europe. His children loved to hear his travel stories.

He and his wife were devoted parents. Clarinda Tucker Marshall inherited her mothers spirit of hospitality, and she and her husband entertained relatives and friends frequently.

THE MARSHALL FAMILY.

I FRANCIS MARSHALL:

Born, June 15, 1781, Orange County, North Carolina Moved to Indiana, 1820. Died, 1822, Orange Co., Indiana. Married, 1805, Mary Murray. Mary Murray. Born, January 1, 1784. Died, 1834, Rockville, Indiana.

I Francis Marshall (Continued)

Children of Francis and Mary Murray Marshall:

MargaretB.	Jan.	10, 1807, Died, 1836, M. Mr. Robbins.
JaneB.	Feb.	19, 1809, Died, 1835, M. Mr. Wilkins.
SallyB.	Dec.	1, 1810, M. Mr. Phillips.
HiramB.	Dec.	29, 1811, D. 1884.
MaryB.	Feb.	22, 1815, Died, 1854, M. Mr. Coats.
CyrusB.	Feb.	18, 1818.
JacobB.	Jan.	11, 1820.
DanielB.	June	6, 1822, Died, Mch. 25, 1848, Green-

castle.

II HIRAM MARSHALL:

Born, Dec. 29, 1811, Orange Co., North Carolina.

Died, May 30, 1884, Greencastle, Indiana.

Married, Nov. 10, 1836, Sarah Jane DeMotte, Rockville, Indiana.

Reference, Greencastle (Indiana) Banner, June 5, 1884, Vol. 31. No. 23.



PART TWO

Clarinda Tucker Marshall's Ancestors And Their Families



The Vincent Family

John Vincent

JOHN VINCENT, in his application for a pension for services in the Revolutionary War. said he was be Middlesex County, England, August 24, 1750. When twelve vears of age he came to Virginia. A Dutchman, to whom he was apprenticed, mistreated him to such an extent he ran away and joined the Militia when only thirteen years of age. Of his experience in the Colonial wars, there is no record except the statement in his application papers that in July, 1774, he marched from Hampshire County, Virginia, to Chillecothe (Ohio) as a volunteer under Captain Wallace, Major Crawford and Colonel Boman. He was in the Battle of Kanawha.

In the summer of 1776, he volunteered under Captain Forman, who was ordered to raise a company to be stationed at Fort Wheeling, and served as an Orderly Sergeant. He was with a detachment of men who were attacked by Indians September 27, 1777, near McMechens Narrows, and was shot in the right leg. All but thirteen of the party were killed, Captain Forman being one of those lost. March 15, 1782, he received a Lieutenant's Commission, and was ordered to go to Charlestown, South Carolina, in Captain Stadels Company, commanded by Colonel Voice.

John Vincent was married December 6, 1778, to Sarah Johnson, a sister of President Johnsons' father. They lived in Hampshire County, Virginia until 1796, when they moved to Tennessee, and settled on a military grant. After building a cabin, and clearing a few acres, John Vincent learned he could not enter the land. he moved to Kentucky. The same experience was had there, on Military land. Not discouraged the family started a new home below Harrison, Ohio, only to learn several years later they had settled on a part of the Symnes purchase. Disheartened, but still courageous, the pioneers decided to get as near the Indian boundary as possible. Going up the White Water (Franklin County, Indiana) on a search for a home site, John Vincent followed an Indian trail for a mile west of the White Water Forks. The Indians said, "Over there Indian Land, here white man live." He was as far as he could go. Selecting a site for a cabin, he went home. His son John returned with him in the Fall and they built a cabin to which the family moved the next year, (1804), all their possessions carried on two horses. The family never had any trouble with the Indians. Bread with sugar on it was one of the means of winning their friendship.

John Vincent, when out hunting with his relative, Jacob Williams, gave to several streams in Southeastern Indiana the names they still bear, Yellow Bank Creek, Duck Creek, Bear Creek, Pipe Creek, and Blue Creek.

A Revolutionary War Veteran, Joab Stout, often visited the Vincent home, and the two old soldiers would talk over war experiences. Joab Stout was a Baptist preacher, but possessed no Bible. The Vincent Bible was given to him after the family record was torn out.

In the White Water Valley in the early years of the Nineteenth Century, were found Baptists, Presbyterians and a few Quakers and Episcopalians. The Baptists predominated and were the first church people of the neighborhood to organize a society and hold religious services. John Vincent became a member of this organization in 1810. In 1812 a church building was erected three miles south of Brookville, the first Baptist church built in Indiana. It was called "The Little Cedar Grove Baptist Church."

It is now in the possession of the Brookville Historical Society.

On May 4, 1811, fourteen men living on the West Fork of the White Water, petitioned the Little Cedar Grove congregation for an "arm" of the church. The petition was granted and the West Fork White Water Baptist Society was formed. Some of the meetings of the organizers were held in the Vincent home. Just when the West Fork church was erected is not known. The land was a gift of Isaac Hastings and his wife. It is thought the deed dated July 27, 1819, was transferred after the completion of the building. The original deed was given to the writer by Mr. Harry Stoops.

The West Fork Church was three-quarters of a mile from the Vincent home, and in its graveyard Jeremiah Vincent, who married Martha Hastings, lies buried.

An unfriendly neighbor who sometimes disturbed the congregation by fiddling on his porch during services, was one day burning a field of dry grass when the fire spread beyond his control and destroyed the West Fork Church. Only a grove of trees and a few grave stones mark its site.

Sarah Johnson Vincent attended the Baptist Church with her husband, but remained loyal to her Presbyterian doctrines.

John Vincent and his wife are buried on the land they entered in 1806, and the farm is now owned by Mr. Harry Stoops, one of their descendants.

References, John Vincent's Pension Papers, U. S. Pension Office. History of Franklin Co., Ind., by August J. Reifel.

I JOHN VINCENT:

Born, Aug. 24, 1750, Kensington, Middlesex Co., England.

Died, Jan. 26, 1837, Brookville, Indiana.

Married, Dec. 16, 1778, Sarah Johnson, Virginia.

Sarah Johnson.

Born, Feb. 16, 1758.

Died, May 16, 1822, Brookville, Indiana.

Children of John and Sarah Johnson Vincent:

Nancy	В.	Nov.	1,	1779,	Died,	July, 1875.
·						Simpson.

Rebecky.....B. Sept. 12, 1782.

M. May 4, 1802, Hiram Brownlee.

Caty......B. June 22, 1785, Died, Apr. 24, 1842.

M. Sept. 14, 1806, John Gayners.

John......B. Feb. 8, 1789, Died, Aug. 24, 1816.

Polly B. Aug. 17, 1792, Died, Jan. 30, 1824.

M. June 27, 1811, Mr. Wilson.

William.....B. Oct. 8, 1795.

Jeremiah B. May 20, 1798.

Sarah.....B. June 11, 1808, Died, Mch. 10, 1898.

M. Nov. 19, 1829, Amos D. Martin.

II JEREMIAH VINCENT:

Born, May 20, 1798.

Died, Nov. 12, 1832.

Married, Jan. 20, 1820, Martha Hastings.

Martha Hastings.

Born, Nov. 14, 1798.

Died, April 12, 1886, Martinsville, Indiana.

Daughter of Isaac and Martha Kelly Hastings, of Brookville, Ind.

Children of Jeremiah and Martha Hastings Vincent:

JohnB.	Dec.	7, 1820,	Died,	Nov. 2	3, 1885.
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Sarah Katherine......B. Feb. 2, 1823. Isaac Simpson......B. Apr. 27, 1825.

Isaac Simpson......B. Apr. 27, 1825. Samuel Dudley....B. Jan. 17, 1828, Died, 1915.

Jeremiah Kelly.......B. Aug. 31, 1831, Died, June 24, 1923, Green-

wood, Ind.

M. Mary Ellen Hoyt.

Mary Ellen Hoyt, B. June 9, 1836, D. Oct. 21,

1866.

III SARAH KATHERINE VINCENT:

Born, Feb. 2, 1823, Brookville, Indiana.

Died, March 10, 1910, Martinsville, Indiana.

Married, April 23, 1843, Samuel Tucker, Martinsville, Ind.

III Sarah Katherine Vincent (Continued)

Children of Samuel and Sarah K. Vincent Tucker:

1 Nancy Ann.

B. Mch. 30, 1844, Martinsville, Ind., D. July, 1875, Eldorado, Kans. M. Dec. 7, 1860, James Cobb.

Children of James and Nancy Tucker Cobb:

Children of Frank and Rose Cobb Allen:

 Naomi Josephine
 ...B.
 Feb.
 25, 1884.

 George Andrew
 ...B.
 Oct.
 18, 1886.

 Mary Eugenie
 ...B.
 Feb.
 24, 1889.

 Annie Lorena
 ...B.
 Sept.
 14, 1891.

 Samuel

(B) Harriet Josephine, B. Apr. 12, 1864.

- (C) Victor.....B. Mch., 1867, Died, 1912, Los Angeles. M. Aug. 4, 1897, Mrs. Christine Brockaw.
- (D) Samuel......B. Dec. 17, 1870, Salina, Kansas.
 M. Oct. 27, 1897, Josephine Josephs,
 Eldorado, Kans.

Josephine Josephs .. B. Dec. 11, 1874, West Va.

Children of Samuel and Josephine J. Cobb:

Ray.....B. Aug. 27, 1900, D. Sept. 2, 1900. Mateel...B. July 6, 1911, D. Mch. 29, 1912.

2 Ledyard Romulus.

B. Nov. 19, 1845, Martinsville, Ind., D. Jan. 15, 1920.M. Jan. 8, 1898, Alice B. Lesley.

3 Clarinda.

B. Jan 17, 1848, Martinsville, Ind.

4 Reese Hastings.

B. Jan. 19, 1850, Died, Sept. 11, 1925, Glenwood, Col.M. June 3, 1905, Sarah E. Herrick, Aspen, Col.

Children of Reese and Sarah E. Herrick Tucker:

5 Isaac Ward.

B. Dec. 27, 1852, Martinsville, Ind., D. Jan. 1, 1914.M. Dec. 24, 1875, Dora Wilcox, Saguache, Col.

III Sarah Katherine Vincent (Continued)

Children of Isaac Ward and Dora Wilcox Tucker:

(A) Earl Vincent, B. Jan. 22, 1877, Saguache, Col.M. July 19, 1899, Grace Freeman, Carbondale, Col.

Children of Earl V. and Grace Freeman Tucker:

Reese Freeman, B. April 14, 1900, Carbondale, Col. M. May 15, 1924, Edith Searcy, San Francisco, Cal.

(B) Lura Pearl, B. Mch, 12, 1879, Saguache, Colorado. M. Jan. 8, 1902, James S. Thompson, Carbondale, Col.

Child of James S. and Laura Tucker Thompson:

Jack Ward, B. June 23, 1903, Sopris, Col.M. July 31, 1925, Helen E. Strode, Nampa, Idaho.

(C) Franklin Samuel, B. Sept. 4, 1888, Carbondale, Col.M. Dec. 25, 1917, Ruth Martin, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Child of Franklin S. and Ruth Martin Tucker:

Sally Lillian, B. Mch. 24, 1920, Sunnyside, Utah.

6 Ida Arizona.

B. Nov. 17, 1859, Martinsville, Ind.M. Jan. 2, 1883, Thomas T. McClure, Council Bluffs, Ia.

Children of Thomas T. and Ida A. McClure:

(A) Fern, B. Dec. 26, 1890, Pierce, Neb.M. Sept. 8, 1915, Frank L. Giltner, Clark Co., Ind.

Children of Frank L. and Fern McClure Giltner:

Paul, B. Jan. 10, 1918, Clark Co., Ind.

(B) Tucker, B. Dec. 6, 1892, Indianapolis, Ind.M. Oct. 1, 1919, Elizabeth Strawbridge, York, Pa.

7 Palmanora.

B. June 14, 1862, D. Jan. 9, 1924, Indianapolis, Ind.
 M. Dec. 10, 1890, James S. Burton, Martinsville, Ind.
 James S. Burton, B. Aug. 25, 1866, Morgan Co., Ind.

Children of James S. and Palmanora Tucker Burton:

Katherine Cynthia...B. Nov. 29, 1895, Martinsville, Ind. Byron......B. Sept. 1898, Martinsville, Ind.

8 Lilly Pearl.

B. Oct. 22, 1864.

M. Oct. 25, 1883, Paris Johns, Martinsville, Ind. Paris Johns, B. Aug. 17, 1860, Gosport, Indiana.

Child of Paris C. and Pearl Tucker Johns:

Charles Everts, B. Oct. 14, 1890, Martinsville, Ind.
M. Sept. 20, 1920, Florance V. LaTour, Seattle, Wash.

III Sarah Katherine Vincent (Continued)

Children of Charles E. and Florance La Tour Johns:

Everts Latour......B. Nov. 19, 1921, Seattle, Wash.

D. Mch. 6, 1922, Seattle, Wash.

Everts LaTour.....B. Mch. 6, 1924., Seattle, Wash.

Florance Antoinette B. Apr. 29, 1926, Seattle, Wash.

IV CLARINDA TUCKER

B. January 17, 1848, Martinsville, Indiana.
M. Oct. 1, 1868, George B. Marshall, Martinsville, Indiana.



The Tucker Family

James Tucker

Grandfather of Clarinda Tucker

NE of the most courageous of the men mentioned in this record, was James Tucker, grandfather of Clarinda Tucker Marshall. When twenty-two years of age he left his home in Newry, County Armagh, Ireland, to join a brother in America. He was six months crossing the Atlantic. From New York he went to Pittsburgh where he bought a canoe. He paddled down the Ohio, and up the Kentucky river to Frankfort, then went to Lexington, where his brother Robert lived.

He was married to Mary Richie in 1802. In 1804 they moved to Henry County, Kentucky, where they bought a farm six miles north of New Castle. In 1830 they and their nine children joined the pioneers migrating northward, and settled in Johnson County, Indiana. James Tucker died there August 13, 1835. His wife survived him thirteen years. They were members of the Presbyterian Church.

James Tucker fought in the war of 1812. He took part in the Battle of Tippecanoe.

I JAMES TUCKER:

Born in Newry, County Armagh, Ireland. Came to America when twenty-two years of age. Died, Aug. 13, 1835, Johnson Co., Indiana. Married, 1802, Mary Richie, in Kentucky. Mary Richie, Died, 1848, Johnson Co., Indiana.

Children of James and Mary Richie Tucker:

Robert	B.	Dec.	23, 1803, Kentucky.
William	В.	Aug.	1, 1805, Kentucky.
Jane	В.	Sept.	23, 1807, Kentucky.
James R	В.	Mch.	19, 1809, Kentucky.
Margaret	В.	Feb.	12, 1811, Kentucky.
Harvey	В.	Feb.	21, 1813, Kentucky.
Stephen	В.	Sept.	23, 1815. Kentucky.
Samuel	В.	May	26, 1819, Kentucky.
Sarah	. B.	Aug.	22, 1821. Kentucky.

II SAMUEL TUCKER:

Born, May 26, 1819, Henry Co., Ky. Died, October 10, 1901, Martinsville, Indiana. Married, April 23, 1843, Sarah Katherine Vincent, Martinsville, Ind.

Samuel Tucker

Father of Clarinda Tucker

AMUEL TUCKER, son of James and Mary Richie Tucker, was twelve years of age when his parents moved from Kentucky to Johnson County, Indiana. He was apprenticed to a cabinet maker in Allisonville, Marion County, Indiana, and when he had learned his trade he set up a shop of his own in Martinsville. He lived in that vicinity the remainder of his life except during the Civil war, when he owned a hotel in Indianapolis. It was on South Street and was called "The Ray House."

He followed the Cabinet-makers trade in Martinsville until a serious accident made the amputation of a leg necessary. Interested in the Baptish Church, which was being constructed, he stepped inside to note the progress of the work. As he entered some scaffolding fell, severely injuring him.

It was after this accident, that he went into the hotel business in Indianapolis, and later in Martinsville where he managed the "Mason House" for several years. He then engaged in farming until 1889, when he and his family moved back into the old home place in Martinsville.

When a young man he thought seriously on religious matters, not agreeing with his Presbyterian parents in their belief in predestination. At a Baptist revival in Indianapolis he joined Church. Many years later he gave each of his children a Bible in which was inserted a short history of his life. In that article he said that, although he was an active member of the Baptist Church for several years he was not able to accept all its doctrines.

After his marriage in 1843, to Sarah Katherine Vincent, he joined the Christian Church, of which his wife was a member, and there he found a religion that completely satisfied him.

Visitors always found a welcome in the Tucker home. Sarah Tucker kept her dining table extended its full length, ready for guests who cared to drop in unexpected.

Samuel Tucker and his wife found great pleasure in entertaining the preachers of their Church. At one time Alexander Campbell was their guest. Their daughter Clarinda was named for Mr. Campbell's daughter.

Although physically handicapped, Samuel Tucker was a successful business man.

He loved his Church and his Home, and served both devotedly.

OUR SOLDIERS (GOLD STAR)

William DeMotte Gates
Perry B. Snider

Colonial Wars

DR. JOHANNES DE LA MONTAGNE.

Dr. Johannes De La Montagne, was appointed to the Chief Military Command of the Dutch West India Colony by Governor Keift. He led the Colonial forces against the Indians in 1643 and 1644. Peace was concluded between the Colonists and the Indians at a grand council held in Fort Amsterdam, August 30, 1645. Dr. De La Montagne, was one of the signers of the treaty.

Reference "History of Harlem," by James Riker.

JOHN VINCENT.

John Vincent told his family he joined the Virginia Militia when only thirteen years of age, (1763), and served in the Colonial Wars. The only known official record of his services prior to the Revolutionary War, is an account in his pension papers of a tour begun in July, 1774, when he marched from Hampshire Co., Virginia, to Chillecothe (Ohio) as a Volunteer under Captain Wallace. Major Crawford and Colonel Boman, He was in the battle of Kanawha.

Reference, John Vincent's Pension Papers, U. S. Pension Office.

Revolutionary War

DANIEL BROUWER.

Dutchess County, New York Militia, 2d Regiment, 2d Artillery. Private under Captains Brinkerhoff, Brown and Bunschoten, and Colonel Abraham Brinkerhoff.

References: "New York in the Revolution," by James Roberts, Page 240.

"History of Dutchess Co., N. Y.," by Hasbrouck, Page 141.

Accepted papers of Mrs. Mary H. Forney, Daughters of the American Revolution, Memorial Continental Hall.

LAWRENCE DEMOTTE.

Served as Private, Captain Conrad Ten Eycks Company, Colonel Abraham Quick's 2d Regiment, Somerset Co., New Jersey Militia, 1776.

Private, Captain John Sebrings Co., Colonel Frederick Frelinghuysen's 1st Regiment, Somerset Co., New Jersey Militia, 1778.

Private, Captain Sebring's Co., Colonel Frelinghuysen's 1st Regiment, Somerset Co., New Jersey Militia, 1780, and served under command of Colonel Silvanus Seely.

Reference, New Jersey Adjutant General's Office, Trenton, N. J.

IOHN VINCENT.

Volunteered in Virginia Militia, July or August, 1776, subject to the call of the State.

Frequently called out to go on scouting parties against the Indians.

Often called into service between the years, 1776, and 1781, to suppress the Tories.

Served under Captain Forman at Ft. Wheeling as Orderly Sergeant.

Took part in the battle near McMeechens Narrows, Sept. 27, 1777, when all but thirteen soldiers lost their lives.

Received a Lieutenant's Commission, 1781. (On file in U. S. Pension Office).

Ordered to Charlestown, South Carolina, 1781, under Captain Stadel and Colonel Voice.

Honorably discharged by Colonel Hite.

Granted a pension, 1835.

References, Thwaites "Defense of the Upper Ohio," Pages 301-302.

McAllisters "Virginia in the Revolutionary War," page 293.

Pension papers in U. S. Pension Office.

War of 1812

JAMES TUCKER.

Mustered into service, September 18, 1812.

Private, Captain Edward Berrys Company, 2d Regiment, Kentucky Mounted Militia, Volunteers.

Colonel, John Thomas.

Honorably discharged, Oct. 30, 1812.

Also fought in the Battle of Tippecanoe, 1811.

Reference, Office of Adjutant General of Kentucky, Frankfort, Ky.

Mexican War

ABISHA LAWTON MORRISON

Husband of Amanda DeMotte Morrison.

Commissioned Lieutenant, Co. A, 1st Indiana Regiment, "Putnam Blues," Jan. 26, 1846.

Member of the Body-Guard of General Howard.

Civil War

JOHN BREWER DEMOTTE, JR.

118 Indiana Infantry.

Served one year, at age of 15.

Mostly with General Burnside's Army around Knoxville, Tenn.

MARK L. DEMOTTE.

4th Battery, Indiana Light Artillery, organized Sept. 30, 1861.

Commissioned 1st Lieutenant, Michigan City Artillery Company, 9th Regiment of Indiana Volunteer Militia, Sept. 15, 1861.

Resigned, Mch. 8, 1862.

Appointed Assistant Quartermaster of Volunteers with rank of Captain. Commission signed by President Lincoln and Sec. Stanton, dated April 18, 1862. Commissioned, May 18, 1864, to same duties with same rank.

GEORGE B. MARSHALL.

Mustered in to service, Nov. 21, 1861, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

Corporal, Co. B. 49th Indiana Volunteers.

Honorably discharged, Sept. 13, 1865, Rank Sergeant Major.

With Sherman's Army in seige of Vicksburg.

Whole distance marched by 49th Ind. Vol., 8,000 miles.

Reference, Report of the Adjutant General of Indiana, "Indiana in the War (Civil). Vol. 5, page 473.

WILLIAM S. MARSHALL.

Mustered into Service, Dec. 14, 1861.

Honorably discharged, Mch. 22, 1865.

Co. E. 51st Regiment, Indiana Volunteers.

Promoted to Sergeant Major, June, 1862, Co. E. 51st Reg., 20th Brigade, 6th Division, Army of the Ohio.

Commissioned Adjutant of 51st Reg., Nov. 29, 1862.

51st Reg. assigned as 14th Army Corps, Army of the Cumberland, Oct. 24, 1862.

In April, 1863, 51st Reg. was assigned to the Independent Provisional Brigade.

Confined in Libby Prison about a year. In prisons in Macon, Savannah and Charleston, an additional ten months, Made three escapes, captured twice.

ABISHA LAWTON MORRISON.

Husband of Amanda DeMotte Morrison. Raised Company A, 27th Indiana Volunteers. Commissioned Captain, Aug. 30, 1861. Commissioned Lieutenant Colonel, Nov. 19, 1861. Resigned because of illness, Jan. 11, 1863.

WILLIAM SUNDERLAND.

JEREMIAH VINCENT.

Mustered into Service, Sept. 30, 1861., Co. C., 33rd Indiana Infantry. Served throughout the War. Rank, Assistant Surgeon.

Spanish American War

LAUREN CASE.

Son of Marvin T. and Elizabeth DeMotte Case.

FRANCIS JOSEPH WALSH.

Husband of Jane Perry Walsh. Enlisted in Co. C, Indiana Volunteer Infantry, April 25, 1898. Honorably discharged, April 25, 1899.

Mexican Border Service

CHARLES EVERTS JOHNS.

Son of Paris and Pearl Tucker Johns. Enlisted in Troop B Calvalry, Washington State Militia, June 23, 1916. Mustered into Federal Service, Mexican Border Campaign, June 28, 1916. Honorably discharged, Feb. 22, 1917.

FRANCIS JOSEPH WALSH.

Husband of Jane Perry Walsh. Enlisted in Battery C, 1st Indiana Field Artillery, June 19, 1916. Honorably discharged, Aug. 31, 1916.

World War

BYRON BURTON.

Son of James S, and Palmanora Tucker Burton. Seaman 2 C. United States Navy. Served over-seas off the Coast of the British Isles.

GEORGE L. CLARK.

Son of Ralph B. and Olive Burnett Clark. Served in the Chemical Warfare Department, Washington, D.C., throughout the War.

Rank, Second Lieutenant.

LAWRENCE WASHBURN DEMOTTE.

Son of John B. and Lelia Washburn DeMotte.

1st Officers Training Camp, Fort McPherson, Ga.
Commissioned First Lieutenant, Aug. 15, 1917.

Headquarters 82d Division, Camp Gordon, Ga.
Personnel Adjutant of 82d Division.
Personnel Adjutant of Camp Gordon.
Personnel Adjutant of Camp McClellan, Ala.
Personnel Adjutant of Base Section, No. 2, Bordeaux, France.
Service from May 11, 1917, to Aug. 7, 1919.
Commissioned Captain, January, 1918.
Commissioned Major, July, 1918.

FRANK ELDER ELLSBERRY.

Son of Edwin P. and Rose Perry Ellsberry. Enlisted in the Federal Service of U. S. A., 1918. Honorably discharged from the V. T. Naval Reserves Force, Sept. 30, 1921. Great Lakes, Ill.

WILLIAM DEMOTTE GATES.

Son of Rugene A. and Catharine DeMotte Gates.
44th Company, 4th Provisional Regiment, 161 Depot Brigade.
Private.
Died in corvice Oct. 1, 1918

Died in service, Oct. 1, 1918.

HAL GRIM.

Son of Doctor and Mrs. Dora Vincent Grim. Enlisted, Nov. 28, 1917.
11Co., 4th Regiment, Air Mechanics.
Sergeant.
Sailed for France, July 15, 1918.
Returned from France, June 28, 1919.
Honorably discharged, July 17, 1919.

LAWTON MORRISON HANNA.

Son of James and Frances Morrison Hanna. Enlisted, May 5, 1917, Fort Logan, Colorado.

Assigned to 1st Co., Coast Artillery Corps, Ft. Barry, Cal., May 10, 1917.

Attached to 3rd C. A. C. Band, Ft. Winfield Scott, Cal.

Appointed Band Corporal, Nov. 22, 1917.

Transferred to Headquarters Co., 363rd Infantry, 91st Division, Camp Lewis, Washington, Nov. 13, 1917.

Made Band Corporal and served as Drum-Major.

Sailed for France, July 7, 1918, on "City of Cairo" from Philadelphia.

In active service in France.

Honorably discharged at San Francisco, Cal., April 26, 1919.

MERLE G. HOWE.

Son of Robert and Jennie Vincent Howe. Enlisted, Dec. 12, 1917. Corporal, Battery A, 62d Reg. C. A. C. Sailed for France, July 13, 1918. Returned to America, Feb. 6, 1919. Honorably discharged, March 10, 1919.

MARSHALL ALLEN HUNT.

Son of Herbert and Lucile Marshall Hunt. Enlisted in the Regular Army, U. S. A., Ft. Lawton, Wash., April, 15, 1917. Joined the 19th Aero Squadron of the Air Service. Sailed for France via England, Dec. 4, 1917. Returned to U. S. A. April 4, 1919.

Honorably discharged, April 25, 1919, at Mitchel Field, L. I.

CHARLES EVERTS JOHNS.

Son of Paris and Pearl Tucker Johns.

Entered Federal Service, Aug. 5, 1917.

Troop B, Wash, State Militia, was incorporated in 41st (Sunset) Div.

Transferred to Headquarters Detachment, 116th Train Headquarters and Military Police, 41st Div.

Appointed Regimental Sergeant Major, Sept. 29, 1917.

Sailed for France, Dec. 13, 1917.

Served at La Courtine, and St. Aignan-Noyers, in Loire et Cher.

Commissioned Second Lieutenant, May 6, 1919.

Honorably discharged, July 17, 1919.

TUCKER McCLURE.

Son of Thomas and Ida Tucker McClure.

Enlisted in 113th Engineer Corps, Apr. 19, 1917, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Indiana.

Commissioned 2d Lieutenant in Engineer Corps, Feb. 24, 1918, at Camp Lee, Virginia.

Commissioner 2d Lieutenant in Tank Corps, Mch. 8, 1918, at Camp Colt, Gettysburg, Pa.

Went over-seas Aug. 28, 1918. Assigned to 1st Brigade Tank Corps.

Returned to U. S. A., Mch. 17, 1919.

Honorably discharged at Camp Meade, Maryland, April 5, 1919.

JOHN DEMOTTE MORRISON.

Son of John F. and Jennie Patterson Morrison.

Enlisted June, 1917, in Indiana National Guard, Battery A, 1st Field Artillery.

Mustered into Federal Service, Battery A., 150th Field Artillery, 42d Division, (Rainbow Division), at Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

Sailed for France Oct. 18, 1917, on U. S. S. "Lincoln."

Landed at St. Nazarre France, Oct. 31, 1917. Served at front and in Military Mail Service.

Remained with his Division in the Army of Occupation in the Sector known as the Coblentz Bridge Head.

Sailed from Brest, France, April 18, 1919.

Honorably discharged, May 17, 1919.

ROY LAWTON MORRISON.

Son of Daniel S. and Catherine Walter Morrison.

Entered Federal Service, Sept. 6, 1917, Camp Funston, Kans.

Served one year with the 89th Division.

Commissioned 2d Lieutenant Infantry.

Served one year over-seas.

Honorably discharged, July 24, 1919, at Camp Funston, Kans.

MARSHALL B. SNIDER.

Son of Lincoln and Kate Perry Snider.
Enlisted in Federal Service, Jan. 2, 1917, in Co. M, 18th Infantry, U. S. A. Served "Over-seas." Wounded, Feb. 1918, in France.
Returned to U. S. A., in Nov. 1919.
Honorably discharged, Oct., 1920.

PERRY B. SNIDER.

Son of Lincoln and Kate Perry Snider.
Enlisted, May 7, 1917, Co. G, 7th Infantry, 3d Div.
Sailed for France, Apr. 6, 1918.
In Battles of Belleau Wood, Second Battle of the Marne.
Wounded, June 18, 1918.
Died, June 19, 1918.
Body returned to Greencastle, Indiana, U. S. A., Aug. 20, 1921.

MERLE ROYSE WALKER

Son of Guy Morrison and Minnie Royse Walker. Entered Officers' Training Camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind., August 27, 1917.

Commissioned Captain.

Assigned to 341st Field Artillery, 89th Division.

Overseas about one year.

Honorably discharged Apr. 20, 1919.

RAY MATTOX WALKER

Son of Guy Morrison and Minnie Royse Walker.

Entered Officers' Training Camp, at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky., October 1918.

Commissioned 2d Lieutenant, Field Artillery.

Instructor at Camp Zachary Taylor in the Field Artillery school until after the armistice.











